



Section 2

CHAPTER 9

GOOGLE IMAGES

What Crisis was...

- Mohammad's death was sudden
- 2 years after Hijrah
 - Mohammad goes from Mecca to Medina



Significance of Hijra

- For the first time Arabs follow a person for faith not family or loyalty to the clan
- Islamic calendar - 622

What Crisis was ...

- Muhammad had not named a successor

The Rightly Guided Caliphs

- Caliph – a title which means successor
- Caliphate – the term refers to the rule of a caliph
- 1. Abu-Bakr – friend and the oldest
- 2. Umar – one of the 1st followers of Islam
- 3. Uthman – one of the 1st followers of Islam
- 4. Ali – Muhammad's son-in-law

Rightly guided

- Rightly guided – used the Quran and Muhammad's actions as guideline for leadership - Sunna
- Time period – 632-661

Characteristics

- To uphold what Mohammad had stood for
- Jihad was invoked
 - Jihad “to strive” - can also refer to inner struggle or armed struggle against none-believers
- Expansion

Expansion – reasons for Success???



Reason for ex.

- Weak empires
 - Persian Sassanids
 - Byzantine
- Desire to release energy
- People were not treated well by other empires
- Trade benefits
- Message of Equality

Treatment of conquered ...

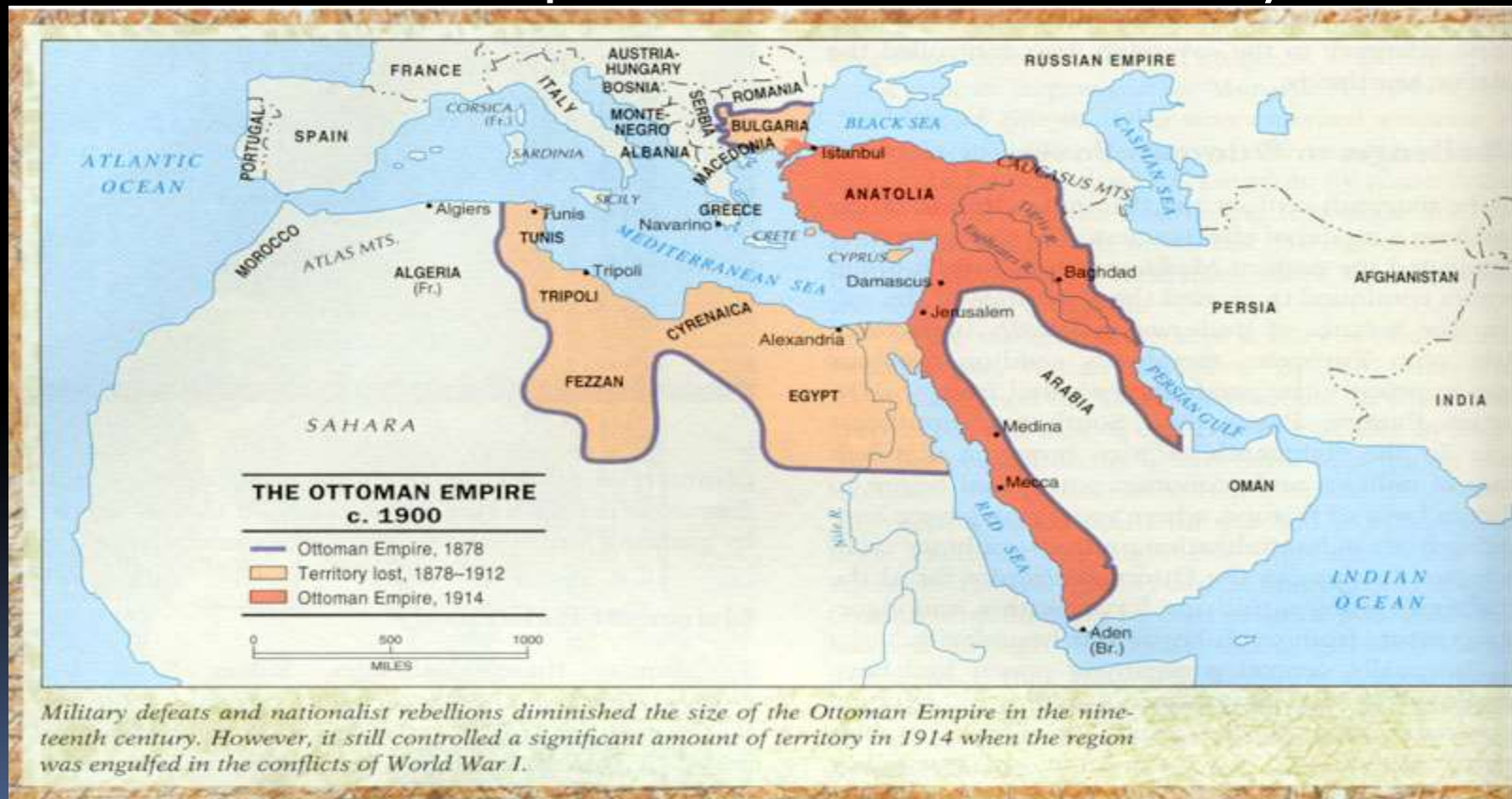
- Conquered people were allowed to follow their own religion
- Christian and Jews – “people of the Book”
- Exempt from military service
- Not allowed to spread their own religions

Umayyads – who are they?

- A family from Mecca
- Time period
 - 661-750

Characteristics...

- Moved the capital to Damascus – why????



Characteristics...

- Abandoned simple of former Caliphs
- Surrounded themselves with luxury
- Caused issues
 - Sunni-Shi'a split

Development in Islam

- Sunni-Shi'a split
 - Shi'a means the party of Ali
 - Followers are called Shi'ites
 - Minority group in Islam

Basic differences

Sunni	Shi'a
The first 4 caliphs were "rightly guided"	Ali should have succeeded Muhammad
Muslim rulers should follow Sunna	All Muslim rulers should be descendants of Muhammad Do not recognize the authority of Sunna
Claim that the Shi'a have distorted the meaning of various passages in the Quran	Claim that the Sunni have distorted the meaning of various passages in the Quran

Further development

- Sufis

- Rejected the luxuries of Umayyads
- Pursue a life of poverty and devotion to a spiritual path

Expansion

Expansion Under the Umayyads, A.D. 661–750



Treatment of conquered people

- Same as rightly guided caliphs
- Small Arab aristocracy ruled over the people
- Only Muslim Arabs were first class
- Arabs lived separately ??????

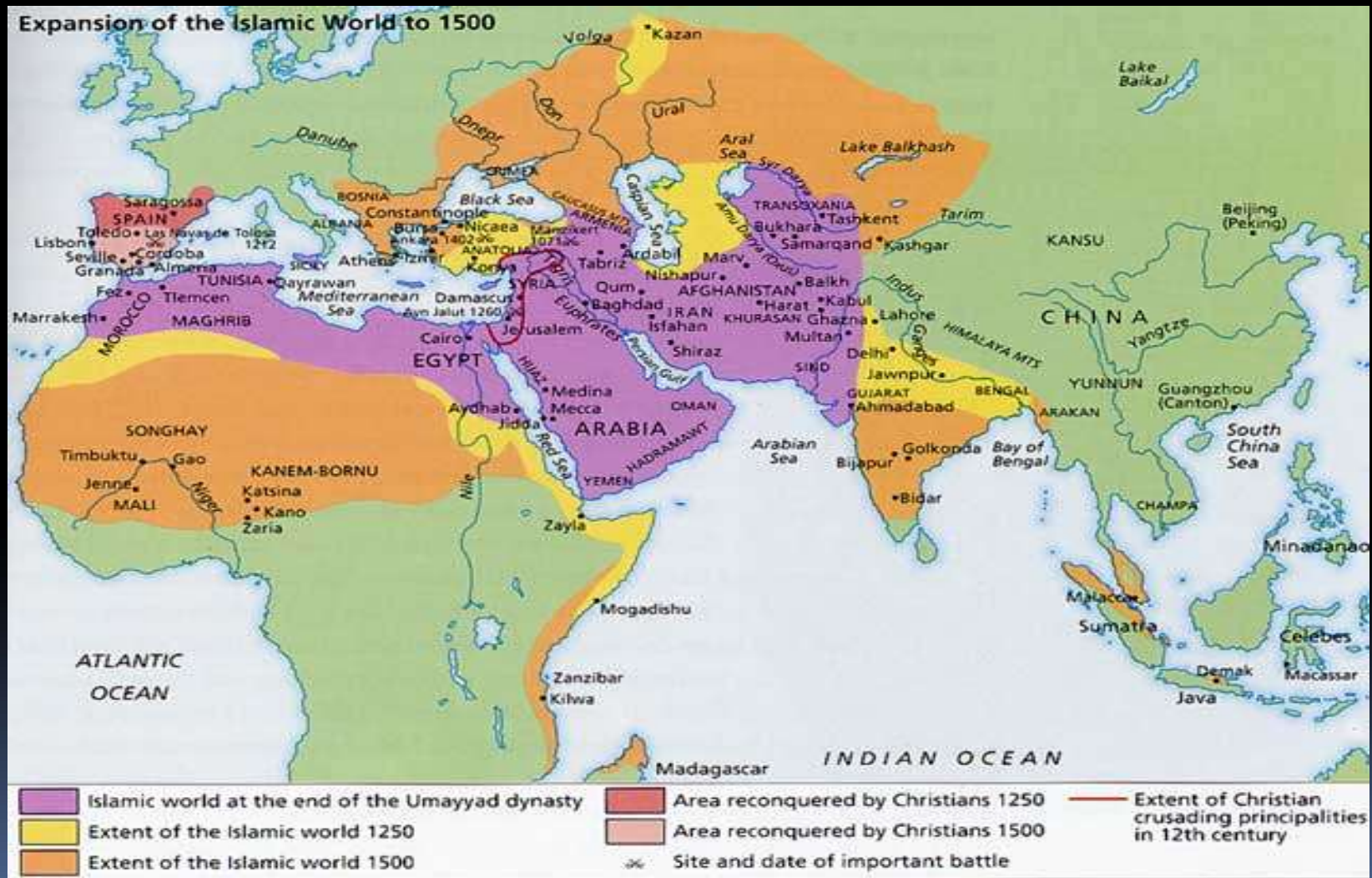
Abbasids

- Who – rebel group against the Umayyads
- Murdered all remaining Umayyads except for 1 prince who set up a caliphate in Spain - Berbers
- Muslim advance had stopped in France in 732 at the battle of Tours

Abbsids continue...

- Time period – 750-1258 (Abbsids fall to Mongols)
- Expansion –
 - Did not go beyond the boundaries of Umayyad
 - However, Muslim influence was significant especially in Africa

Map of expansion



Political Structure

- Capital moved to Baghdad – why???????
- Bureaucracy – Wazir
 - Treasury
 - Department to manage army
 - Diplomats visited courts in Europe, Africa and Asia
 - Taxed land, imports/exports and non-Muslims

Abbasids cont.

- Mass conversion
 - Wanted the empire to be strong
 - Conversion also provided opportunities
 - Harassed the Shi'a

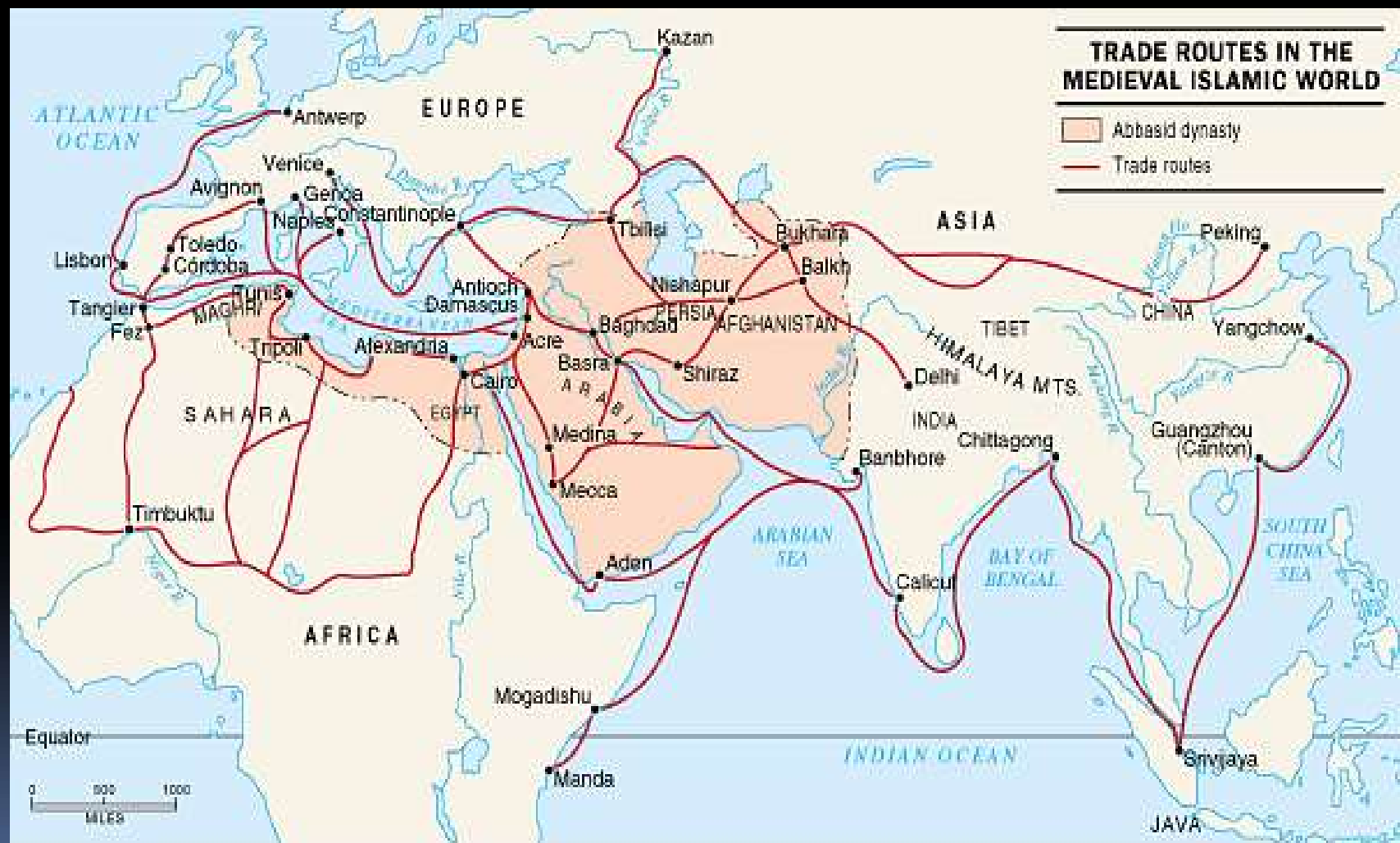
The Muslim World

- What kept Muslims connected ...
 - Religion
 - Language
 - Trade
 - economy

Muslim world cont.

- How was trade conducted?
 - Sea
 - Land
 - One language
 - One currency - dinar

The Muslim World cont.



Muslim world cont.

- Effects of Trade?
 - Banks throughout the empire
 - Letters of credit – sakks
 - All merchants speak Arabic
 - Trade allowed for growth of population and cities

Muslim World – effects of trade

- Cities attracted poets, philosophers, and scientists
- Non-Muslim adopted Muslim customs
- Spread of Islam into Southeastern Islands